Elements of good practice from the Niger NIPN: Commitment from contributing sectors

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Amsterdam, May 2019
RESULTS FRAMEWORK FOR PNSN (National Nutritional Security Policy) and NIPN

To contribute to economic and social development by strengthening human capital and reducing mortality and health costs

Good nutritional status of Nigerian people

Effects

- Favorable environment enabling the extension of services and interventions that are sensitive to nutrition
- Increased access to and use of preventative and curative interventions specific to nutrition
- Access for households and communities to food, care and a healthy environment through increasing skills and resources
- The social standards of opinion leaders support nutritional security

Key indicators

- High-level support from the National Nutritional Security Policy and its costed Action Plan
- % of budget available to implement priority actions (broken down into national v. external resources)
- % of coverage of high-impact interventions in preventative and curative fields specific to nutrition (targeting young children, adolescents, mothers)
- Food consumption score for households broken down by socio-economic category
- Minimum Dietary Diversity for women of childbearing age broken down by socio-economic category
- Minimum Dietary Diversity for children broken down by age
- Knowledge and skills of media to produce and distribute quality messages on nutritional security that are adapted to the context

Impact

- Achieving World Health Organization targets for 2025
- Achieving SDO 2.2 goals for 2030
Figure 1. INSTANCES DE MISE EN OEUVRE DE LA PLATEFORME NATIONALE D’INFORMATIONS POUR LA NUTRITION AU NIGER

- Comité Technique de la Politique Nationale de Sécurité Nutritionnelle
  (Organe consultatif et d’orientation sur les questions techniques de nutrition)

- Haut-Commissariat à L’Initiative 3N
  Pilotage Stratégique de la PNIN

- Institut National de la Statistique (INS)
  Exécution Technique

- Assistant Technique
  Expertise Long et Court Terme

- Secteurs (Santé, Agriculture, Elevage, Hydraulique, Environnement et Education Primaire)
  Collaboration et bénéficiaires de renforcement des capacités pour la valorisation des statistiques en lien avec la nutrition

- Comité National de Pilotage de la PNIN
  (Orientation Stratégique et Validation des rapports et programmes d’activités)
  SG Ministère du Plan
  SG Ministère en charge de la Santé Publique
  SG Ministère en charge de l’Agriculture et de l’Elevage
  SG Ministère en charge de l’Environnement
  SG Ministère en charge de l’Education Primaire
  SG Ministère en charge de l’Hydraulique et de l’Assainissement

- Unité d’Appui International (GSF)
  Coordination inter-pays et Renforcement des capacités

EQUIPE PNIN
### GOOD PRACTICE

**Actions to develop the skills of the sectors**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Individual</th>
<th>Organizational</th>
<th>Systemic</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Training</strong></td>
<td><strong>Three short term technical assistants</strong></td>
<td><strong>A training seminar for members of parliament in waiting,</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Two training sessions on nutrition (concepts, measurement methods and governance) targeting 50 officials from the 6 NIPN sectors</td>
<td>• Three long term technical assistants</td>
<td>• Numerous presentations on the NIPN for members of the governance bodies of the PNSN (National Nutritional Security Policy)</td>
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<td>• Two training sessions on anonymization of data targeting 20 officers from the INS (Nigerian National Statistics Institute), HC3N (High</td>
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<td>• Six sectorial support leaders</td>
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Data and information systems

- NIPN web portal and its components put together using tools that the beneficiaries are already familiar with (e.g. ANADO, Nutrition Info, anonymized databases from existing surveys)

- Establishment of sectoral mechanisms for regular transmission of routine data to feed the portal and the integration of these indicators into decision-making processes

- Gradual creation of a community of practice around information systems for nutrition
Conclusion

• Strong political commitment is a determining factor for adopting the ‘domesticated’ and controlled NIPN governance bodies

• The good practices defined for governance, skills development and data can be extrapolated to contexts similar to Niger
  – Anchoring the NIPN in the national institutional mechanism
  – The NIPN web portal with its components using tools that already exist and that have been mastered (ANADO, Niger-Info, Nutrition INFO, secure storage of survey databases)
  – Multi-format technical assistance to fill in the gaps

• A systematic search for consensus, participation and inclusion in the implementation of the NIPN is crucial for it to be appropriated, even if this process takes a great deal of time
Thank you for listening